



## **Study Goals**

- Characterize fish movement rates, route selection, and survival rates through the Restoration Area
- Investigate areas of potential losses due to predation and entrainment for further study
- Provide management direction for reintroduction implementation based on results



## Methods



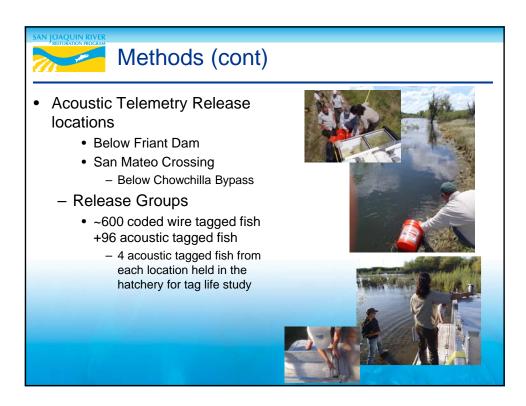


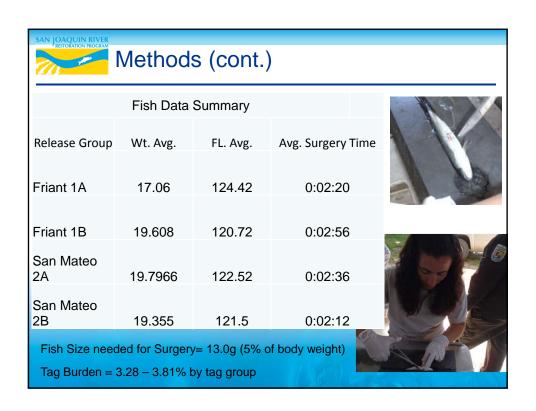
- 29 Vemco<sup>©</sup> 180 kHz stationary receivers deployed throughout the restoration area at key locations
  - Above and below mine pits, at decision points for fish migration
  - Read Range = 75 m radius
  - Dual receiver stations to determine detection probability and survival by location

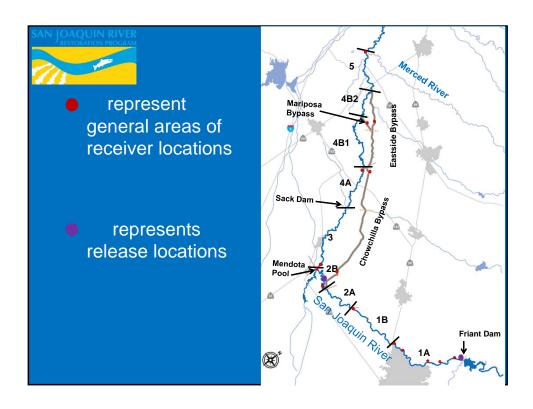


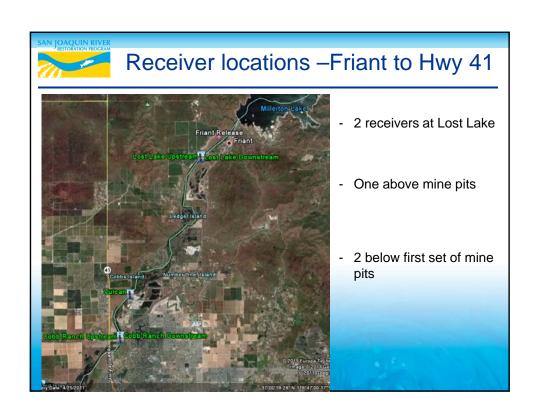
- 1200 fish (200 acoustic tagged) released at two locations on April 21, 2011
- All fish coded wire tagged for long-term ID

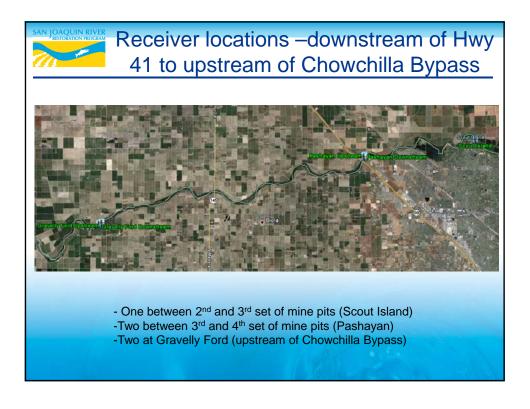


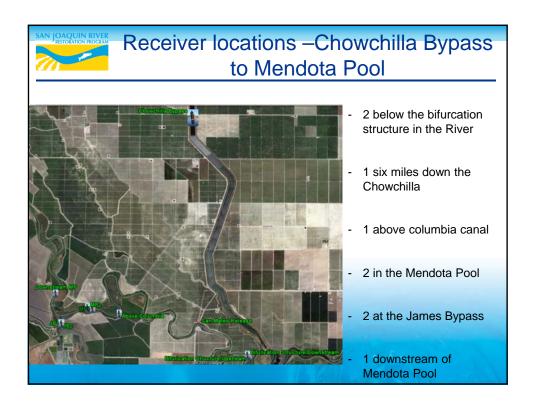




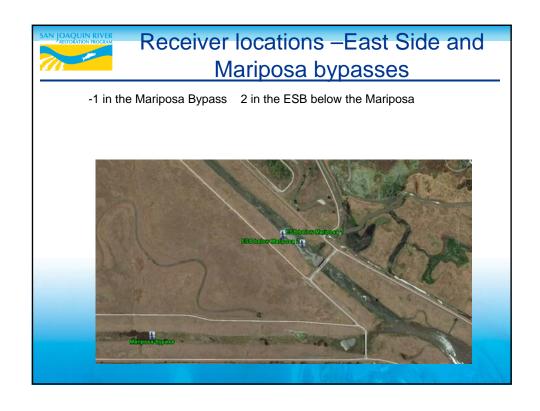




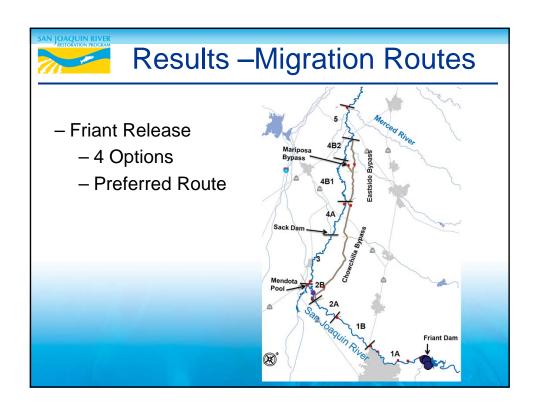


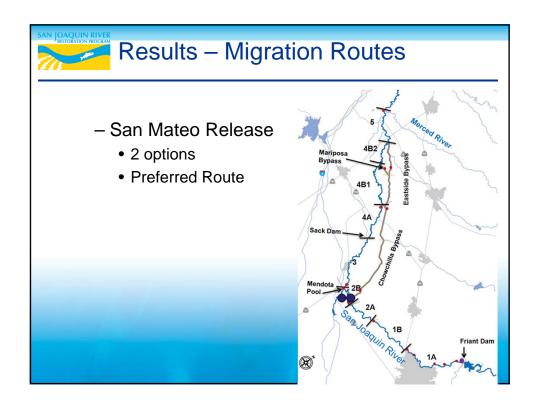


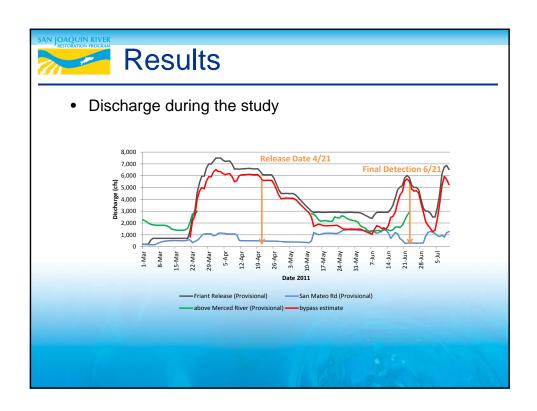


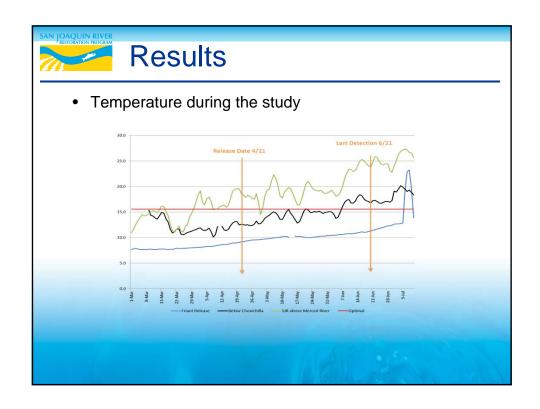


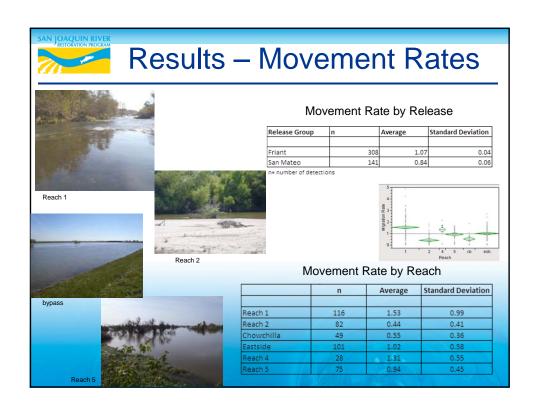


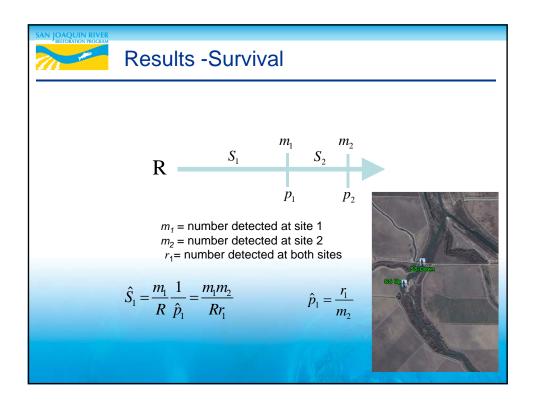


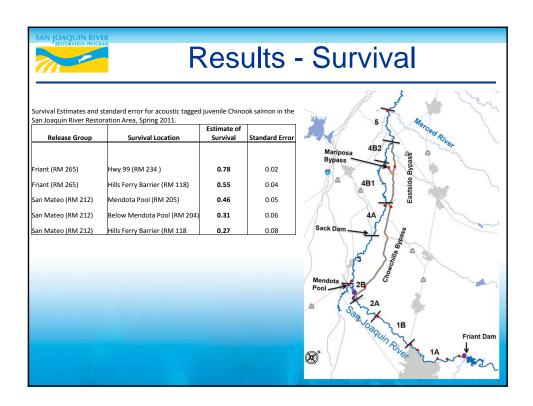














## 2012 Proposal

- Releasing BY 2010 Merced Fall Run
  - First Group on a pulse of ~300-~500 cfs (Late March)
  - Second Group on a pulse from ~500 ~1,000 cfs (Early April)
  - All fish will be CWT, PIT tagged, and 100 acoustic tagged
- Releasing YOY Feather River fall-run
  - ~100 below Friant
  - ~ 100 at downstream "connected River" (probably reach 5)
- Receivers expanded to San Joaquin Mainstem upstream to the Stanislaus – connect to USBR 6-year steelhead acoustic study.
- Coordinate with USBR PIT tag feasibility study and planned flow pulses